Using Visual Basic Express to create an AutoCAD .NET addin

Introduction

This document will provide a step by step tutorial on how to create, load and debug a simple VB .NET application for AutoCAD using the Visual Basic Express development environment. The document focuses on setting up and using the Visual Basic Express environment. We do not elaborate on the AutoCAD .NET API itself. We provide references at the end of this tutorial to resources for learning the AutoCAD .NET API itself.

Creating the project:

- 1) Launch Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition
- Select the Menu item File→"New Project..." or type Ctrl+N. The New Project dialog will appear:

New Project						? 🔀
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Visual Studio ii	nstalled template	es				
Windows Forms A	Class Library	WPF Application	WPF Browser Application	Console Application		
My Templates						
Search Online Templates						
A project for creat	ting a VB class libr.	ary (.dll) (.NET	「Framework 3.5)			
<u>N</u> ame:	MyVBAcadApp					
					ок	Cancel

- Select the "Class Library" Template (shown above) and enter a suitable name in the "Name: " text field. For Instance, we chose "MyVBAcadApp".
- 4) A new Project is now created and the Visual Studio Express window should look something like this:

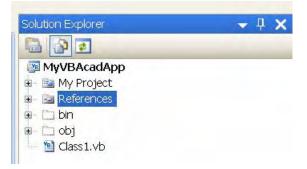
yVBAcadApp - Microsoft Visual Basic 2008 Express					
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Class1.vb Start Page Object Browser		- X	Solution Explorer		→ ậ
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Converting your Project into an AutoCAD VB .NET Application:

- In your Visual Basic 2008 Express window, you should be able to see a "Solution Explorer" tab on the right. If you don't see it, click the "View→Solution Explorer" menu item or type the Ctrl+R keys.
- 2) Go to the **Solution Explorer** tab on the right side of the Visual Basic 2008 Express window select the "**Show All Files**" button as shown below



3) The above step will display the "**References**" folder in the Solution Explorer as shown below



 Right-click on this "References" folder and select "Add Reference..." item in the resulting context menu. An "Add Reference" dialog will be displayed:

ET COM Projects Browse Rec	cent
Look in: inc-win32	v 3 🕸 🛤 🖬 🗸
acax18ENU.tlb	C ACPi16.tb
AcAxDb18enures.dll	C AcPp16.tb
AcCui.dll	acsmcomponents18.tb
Sacdbmgd.dll	© AcStMgr.tlb SACTcMgd.dll
AcDx.dll	AcWindows.dll
CETransmit18.tb	AdWindows.dll
AcMgd.dll	🔊 Autodesk. AutoCAD. Interop. Common. dl
AcMgd.dll AcPEXCt16.tb	S Autodesk.AutoCAD.Interop.Common.dll Autodesk.AutoCAD.Interop.dll
AcPEXCtl16.ttb	Autodesk.AutoCAD.Interop.dll
AcPEXCtl16.ttb	Autodesk.AutoCAD.Interop.dll

5) Click on the "**Browse**" tab and Navigate to the location of the AutoCAD specific Reference files.

Note: You will find AutoCAD specific reference files in a couple of locations. If you have **ObjectARX SDK** installed, you can navigate to the Include folder (I would navigate to C:**ObjectARX\2010\inc-win32** for 32 bit platforms and C:**ObjectARX\2010\inc-x64**) for the references. In the snapshot above, we navigated to the **inc-win32** folder.

Alternatively, you can navigate to the **AutoCAD 2010 Install Folder** (the default location is C:**Program Files\AutoCAD 2010**) and find the references there as shown below:

dd Reference						
.NET COM I	Projects Browse AutoCAD 2010	Recent) ₽			
AcDataLinkRes.dll acdb 18.dll acdb 18enures.dll acdbmgd.dll acdbmgdbrep.dll acDcDimStylesRes.dll acDcFrameRes.dll acDcHatchRes.dll acDcImagesRes.dll		 acDcLayoutsRes.dll acDcLinetypesRes.dll AcDcMIsStysRes.dll acDcSymbolsRes.dll AcDcTbIStysRes.dll AcDcTbIStysRes.dll acDcTextStylesRes.dll acDcUtils.dll acDcUtilsRes.dll acDcXrefsRes.dll 	acddptyperes.c acddvpointres.c AcDgnRes.dll AcDialogToolTip AcDimRes.dll AcDimX18.dll acdorderRes.dll AcDwfMarkupUi AcDwgRecover			
File <u>n</u> ame:	[[>			
Files of type:	"acdbmgd.dll	" "acmgd.dll" iles (*.dll,*.tlb;*.olb;*.ocx;*.exe;*.manit	iest)			
			OK Cancel			

6) Select the DLL files acmgd.dll and acdbmgd.dll from the location you browse to and click the OK button. These files contain all the necessary .NET APIs to create a generic AutoCAD .NET application.
Note: You can select multiple files (two files in this case) by pressing the "Ctrl" key

Note: You can select multiple files (two files in this case) by pressing the "**Ctrl**" key while selecting them with the mouse.

 Add the necessary Namespaces to the source files for convenient access to the AutoCAD .NET APIs. Here are the most commonly used AutoCAD .NET API specific namespaces:

Imports Autodesk.AutoCAD.ApplicationServices
Imports Autodesk.AutoCAD.DatabaseServices
Imports Autodesk.AutoCAD.EditorInput
Imports Autodesk.AutoCAD.Runtime

You can add these namespaces at the top of the "Class1.vb" source file as shown below.



Note: We will not be elaborating on the purposes of the namespaces and the AutoCAD .NET APIs in this tutorial. You can find a lot more information on this in the references provided at the end of this tutorial.

Creating a command:

Add the command method that implements the command(s) you need. Here is an example of the command method implementing the command we use:

```
' Define command 'MyVBCommand'
<CommandMethod("MyVBCommand")> _
Public Sub Cmdl() ' This method can have any name
    ' Type your code here
    Dim ed As Editor = Application.DocumentManager.MdiActiveDocument.Editor
    ed.WriteMessage("My First command implemented in VB .NET Express Edition")
```

End Sub

Note: We will not be elaborating on the creation of commands and the AutoCAD .NET APIs in this tutorial. You can find a lot more information on this in the references provided at the end of this tutorial. Here is a snapshot of how the command code would look like:

Class1				*	Cmd1		
Imports A	utodesk.Auto	CAD.Applic	ationServ	ices			
Imports A	utodesk.Auto	CAD.Databa	seServices	ŏ			
Imports A	utodesk.Auto	CAD.Editor	Input				
Imports A	utodesk.Auto	CAD.Runtim	e				
E Public Cl	ass Class1						
' Def	ine command	'MyVBComma	nd'				
	andMethod ("M	and the second s					
Publi	Sub Cmd1()	' This me	thod can h	nave any n	ame		
7	Type your c	ode here					
D	im ed As Edi	tor = Appl	ication.Do	ocumentMan	ager.Mdi	ActiveDocu	ment.Editor
e	l.WriteMessa	ge("My Fir	st command	d implemen	ted in V	B .NET Exp	ress Edition")
- End S	ıb						
-End Class							

Now we have a functional AutoCAD VB .NET project!

Save the Project:

You can save the project by clicking the "File→Save All" menu item or hitting the "Ctrl+Shift+S" keys. This will popup up the "Save Project" Dialog shown below.

Save Project			? 🗙	
<u>N</u> ame:	MyVBAcadApp			
Location:	C:\My Documents\Visual Studio 2008\Projects		Browse	
Solution Name:	MyVBAcadApp Create directory for solution			
		Save	Cancel	

You may choose the Name, Location and Solution Name of the project as you see fit.

Build the Project:

The last step is to **Build** the application. Use the "**Build→Build <YourApplicationName>**" menu item to build your application. In the case of the sample we used, the menu item was "Build→Build MyVBAcadApp".

You now have a functional AutoCAD VB .NET Application!

Debugging the Application:

You can load your compiled application into AutoCAD now using the NETLOAD command, but you'll have to make a few additional changes to your project to be able to debug it when it's running in AutoCAD.

Set Copy Local property to False:

- Open the Properties Tab by clicking the "View-→Properties Window" menu item or the F4 key.
- Select the "acdbmgd" reference in the "References" folder in the "Solution Explorer" tab and set its "Copy Local" property in the Properties tab to "False" as shown below:

🔒 🗿 🛃	
MyVBAcadApp	
🖻 🗁 My Project	
😑 🔟 Application.myapp	
- 🔄 🔄 Application.Des	signer.vb
AssemblyInfo.vb	
Besources.resx	
Bettings.settings References	
acdbmgd	
- System.Core	
- System.Data.Data	SatEvtansions
- System.Zml	
- System.Xml.Ling	
IN I DE	
i∎ È⊐ bin Ē- È⊐ obi	
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Cobj Class1.vb Properties	
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Cobj Class 1.vb Properties acdbmgd Reference Proper	rties
Class 1.vb Class 1.vb Properties acdbmgd Reference Proper () 21 () arrep	
Class 1.vb	acdbmod
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Copy Local Control Co	acdbmod False
Class 1.vb	acdbmod False Implementation of the O Assembly acdbmgd
Copy Local Description File Type	acdbmod False Implementation of the O Assembly acdbmgd
Copy Local Copy Local	False Implementation of the O Assembly
Copy Local Copy Local Copy Local Copy Local Copy Properties Copy Local Copy Local Copy Properties Copy Prope	acdbmgd False Implementation of the O Assembly acdbmgd C:\Program Files\AutoCA
Copy Local	acdbmod False Implementation of the O Assembly acdbmgd C:\Program Files\AutoCA True
Class 1.vb	acclbmod False Implementation of the O Assembly acdbmgd C:\Program Files\AutoCA True v2.0.50727

3) Do the above step for the "acmgd" reference as well

Set the Debug Application Path:

The Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition does not provide any method through its user interface to specify a 'debug application path' to launch AutoCAD from the Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition environment. so we have to play a small trick here:

- 1) Save the project and close Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition
- Navigate to the location of the project in Windows Explorer. My Project is in the folder C:\My Documents\Visual Studio 2008\Projects\MyVBAcadApp\MyVBAcadApp.
- 3) Open the Project file < ApplicationName.vbproj > in a text editor of your choice. I choose "Notepad" as the text editor and my application project file is named MyVBAcadApp.vbproj. You will notice that it is an XML file. Under the XML Node "<PropertyGroup Condition=" '\$(Configuration) |\$(Platform)' == 'Debug | AnyCPU' ">" Add the following two XML Nodes:

<StartAction>Program</StartAction> <StartProgram>C:\Program Files\AutoCAD 2010\acad.exe</StartProgram>

Note: The "**StartProgram**" node stores the path of the AutoCAD application "acad.exe". You will have to modify this path to the correct path to the acad.exe executable on your machine. This section in my MyVBAcadApp.vbproj file looks like this after I add my entries:

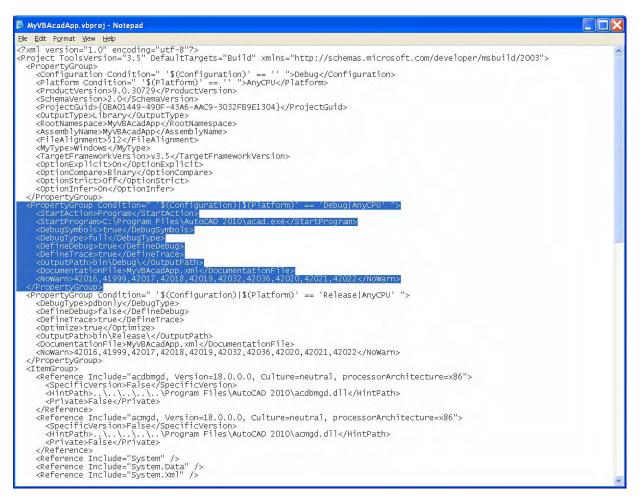
<PropertyGroup Condition=" '\$(Configuration) | \$(Platform)' == 'Debug | AnyCPU' ">

- <StartAction>Program</StartAction>
- <StartProgram>C:\Program Files\AutoCAD 2010\acad.exe</StartProgram>
- <DebugSymbols>true</DebugSymbols>
- <DebugType>full</DebugType>
- <DefineDebug>true</DefineDebug>
- <DefineTrace>true</DefineTrace>
- <OutputPath>bin\Debug\</OutputPath>
- <DocumentationFile>MyVBAcadApp.xml</DocumentationFile>

<NoWarn>42016,41999,42017,42018,42019,42032,42036,42020,42021,42022</NoW arn>

</PropertyGroup>

Here is a snapshot of my VBPROJ file opened in notepad:



- 4) Save the VBPROJ file and open the project again in Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition.
- 5) Build the project again.
- Select the "Debug→Start Debugging" Menu item or press F5. This will launch the AutoCAD application successfully from the Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition debugging environment.

Loading our VB .NET Application into AutoCAD

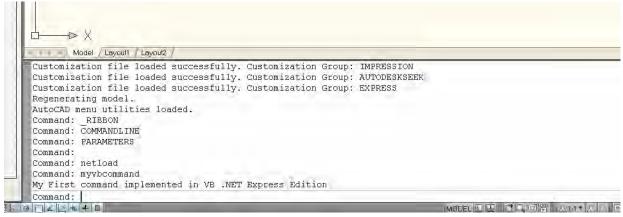
1) Once AutoCAD is launched, run the **NETLOAD** command. This will display the "Choose .NET Assembly" dialog (as shown below):

Look in: 🖻 Debug		- 4 🗈] Ca 💥 E ^a ⊻iev	ws 🔻 Too <u>l</u> s 🔻
Name -	Name -		Size Type	
story MyVBAca	iApp.dll	15 KB	File Folder Application Extension	2/12/2009 1:18 Pf 2/12/2009 1:18 Pf
File name:		THE		<u>O</u> pen

 Navigate to the location of your built application. My application lived in the "C:\My Documents\Visual Studio

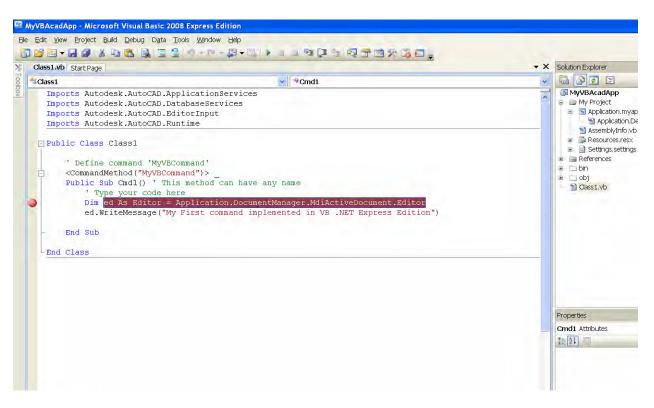
2008\Projects\MyVBAcadApp\MyVBAcadApp\bin\Debug" folder.

- Select the application DLL and click "Open" button. The application is now loaded into AutoCAD
- 4) Run the command "MyVBCommand" or any other command name that you defined in your .NET application. Here is the output of my command:

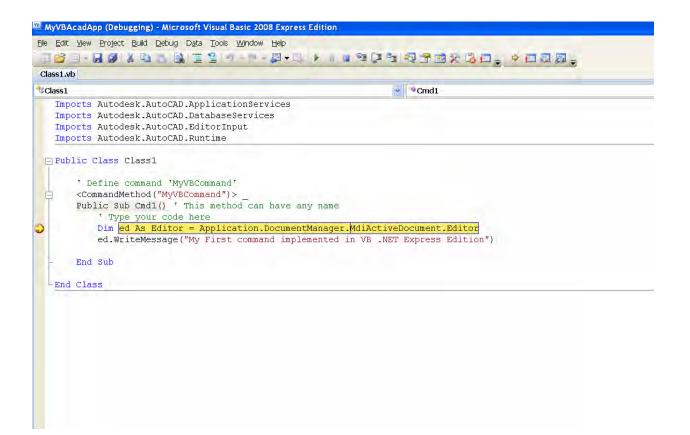


Set a breakpoint in the code

- 1) Set the cursor at the line of code you want to break to.
- Click the "Debug→Toggle Breakpoint" menu item or press the "F9" key. Here is a snapshot of the break point at the point of code where we set the Editor object (The Red dot indicates the breakpoint):



3) Run the command (in our case "MyVBCommand") on the AutoCAD command line and you will see the break point hit:



You can now use the debugger keys like F8 or Shift+F8 etc to traverse through the code

Congratlations, you have successfully used Visual Basic 2008 Express Edition to create and use a .NET application in AutoCAD!

References:

- Developer Center for AutoCAD (<u>www.autodesk.com/developautocad</u>): This website provides a variety of learning resources such as "DevTV: Introduction to AutoCAD .NET Programming" which provided an excellent introduction to the AutoCAD .NET API and "AutoCAD .NET Labs" which provides a comprehensive selflearning tutorials. The Developer Center lists many other free development resources, including links to the Autodesk discussion groups for the various AutoCAD APIs.
- "Through the Interface" Blog (<u>http://through-the-interface.typepad.com/</u>): A very interesting and engaging blog on all AutoCAD APIs and allied technologies
- Autodesk Developer Network: For professional support for your software development work, consider joining the Autodesk Developer Network program. Visit <u>www.autodesk.com/joinadn</u> for more details of the program.